

Tax Notes

Starting in 2022 R&D Expenses Must Be Amortized Over 5 Years

By Sandy Weinberg, JD, Principal and Nicholas Rochedieu, JD, Senior Manager

On a going forward basis, Research and Experimentation (R&D as it is commonly called) expenditures must be amortized over 5 years. Unless new federal tax legislation, such as the stalled Build Back Better bill, reverses or changes the law, amortization of R&D expenses is here to stay.

Backdrop

Until now, most taxpayers elected under IRC Section 174 to deduct R&D expenditures in the year incurred. However, there were two other options of 1) deferring and amortizing; or 2) indefinitely capitalizing that expenditure, but these two choices saw limited application.

The ability to immediately expense all R&D expenditures benefited taxpayers with reduced federal income (directly for corporations and Schedule C filers and indirectly for partners/members/shareholders of pass-through entities).

TCJA Effect on R&D Deduction

Regarding the TCJA's impact, it now specifically requires R&D expenses paid or incurred in a year to be capitalized and amortized ratably over a 5-year period on a mid-year convention. The current year deduction is now effectively stretched over 6 years. Foreign research expenditures are amortized over 15 years.

For an expenditure amortized over 5 years (6, with mid-year convention), an R&D expenditure paid in 2022 of \$10,000 generates a \$1,000 deduction whereas, if the expenditure had been paid in 2021, it would have been fully deductible. The mid-year convention allows 10% (or $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1 year) of amortization in the year of the expenditure, 20% for the next 4 years and 10% in the final year of amortization. Assuming a 21% federal tax rate, the current year tax benefit is reduced from \$2,100 (\$10,000 times the 21% federal rate) to only \$210 (\$10,000 with a half year of amortization equaling \$1,000 times the 21% federal rate). Also, if the R&D project is abandoned, disposed of, etc., amortization continues, and there is no mechanism to write-off the remaining basis.

R&D Tax Credit

Any current year R&D deduction is in addition to an IRC Section 41 R&D tax credit that can be taken. The R&D credit is based on the taxpayer's current year R&D expenditures as well (although under IRC Section 41 the expenses available for the credit are limited in other ways). Until this year, taxpayers could take advantage of a significant current year R&D deduction and credit simultaneously. The R&D credit has not been impacted by the amortization requirement under the TCJA. The legislation's impact is solely on the taxable income calculation. (The R&D credit itself has been impacted this year by [new tougher requirements for refund claims.](#))

Combined R&D Expense Deduction with R&D Credit

For taxpayers, the combined benefit from the R&D expense deduction concurrently with the R&D credit was, and still is, a catalyst for entities of all sizes to invest in R&D. Further, taxpayers of all sizes conducting R&D can mitigate the impact of the new R&D expense amortization. The means to do so is through an R&D credit. The opportunity is particularly beneficial for those who have not previously taken full advantage of the credit.

Contact Us

Determining the credit is complex and the best way to do so while maximizing the credit is through an R&D credit study. The PKF O'Connor Davies credit team has successfully completed hundreds of R&D credit studies. If you have questions regarding the new federal R&D amortization requirement or are interested in an R&D tax credit study, contact any of the following:

[Sandy Weinberg](#), JD
Principal
sweinberg@pkfod.com

[Steven J. Eller](#), CPA, JD
Partner
seller@pkfod.com

Nicholas Rochedieu, JD
Senior Manager
nrochedieu@pkfod.com

Jill Cantor, CPA, JD
Senior Manager
jcantor@pkfod.com

About PKF O'Connor Davies

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP is a full-service certified public accounting and advisory firm with a long history of serving clients both domestically and internationally. With roots tracing to 1891, the Firm has 16 offices in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Maryland, Massachusetts, Florida and Rhode Island and more than 1,200 professionals providing a complete range of accounting, auditing, tax and management advisory services. PKF O'Connor Davies is led by over 135 partners who are closely involved in the day-to-day management of engagements, ensuring a high degree of client service and cost effectiveness.

The Firm is a top-ranked firm, according to *Accounting Today's* 2021 "Top 100 Firms" list and was recently recognized as one of "America's Best Tax Firms" by *Forbes*. PKF O'Connor Davies was named one of *Vault's* 2022 Accounting 50, a ranking of the 50 best accounting employers to work for in North America and ranked among the top 50 most prestigious accounting firms in America in a complementary *Vault* survey.

PKF O'Connor Davies is the lead North American representative of the international association of PKF member firms. PKF International is a network of legally independent member firms providing accounting, tax and business advisory services in over 400 locations in 150 countries around the world. With its tradition, experience and focus on the future, PKF O'Connor Davies is ready to help clients meet today's ever-changing economic conditions and manage the growing complexities of the regulatory environment. For more information, visit www.PKFOD.com.

Our Firm provides the information in this e-newsletter for general guidance only, and it does not constitute the provision of legal advice, tax advice, accounting services, or professional consulting of any kind.